## Questionnaire for compiling a 2006 world press freedom index

## The period runs from 1 September 2005 to 1 September 2006

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- 1. Were murdered?
- 2. Were murdered, with the state involved?
- 3. Were arrested or sent to prison (for however long)?
- 4. Are currently in jail and serving a heavy sentence (more than a year) for a media-related offence?
- 5. Were threatened?
- 6. Were physically attacked or injured?
- 7. Fled the country?

## *Were any journalists (yes/no):*

- 8. Illegally imprisoned (no arrest warrant, in violation of maximum period of detention without trial or court appearance)?
- 9. Tortured or ill-treated?
- 10. Kidnapped or taken hostage?
- 11. Did any journalists disappear?

## Over the period, was/were there (yes/no):

- 12. Armed militias or secret organisations targeting journalists?
- 13. Terrorist action against journalists or media firms?
- 14. Improper use of fines, summonses or legal action against journalists or media outlets?
- 15. Routine failure to prosecute those responsible for seriously violating press freedom?
- 16. Prison terms imposed for media-related offences defined by law?

- 17. Attacks or threats against family, friends or colleagues of journalists?
- 18. Surveillance of journalists (phone-tapping, being followed etc)?
- 19. Problems of access to public or official information (refusal by officials, selection of information provided according to the media's editorial line etc)?
- 20. Restricted physical or reporting access to any regions of the country (official ban, strict official control etc)?
- 21. Media outlets censored, seized or ransacked? (how many?)
- 22. Searches of media premises or homes of journalists?
- 23. Surveillance of foreign journalists working in the country?
- 24. Foreign journalists deported?
- 25. Problems getting journalist visas (undue delay, demand to know names of people to be interviewed etc)?
- 26. Censorship or seizure of foreign newspapers?
- 27. Jamming of foreign broadcasts or regulating who can have satellite dishes?
- 28. Independent or opposition news media?
- 29. An official prior censorship body systematically checking all media content?
- 30. Routine self-censorship in the privately-owned media?
- 31. Subjects that are taboo (the armed forces, government corruption, religion, the opposition, demands of separatists, human rights etc)?
- 32. A state monopoly of TV?
- 33. A state monopoly of radio?
- 34. A state monopoly of printing or distribution facilities?
- 35. Government control of state-owned media's editorial line?
- 36. Improper sackings of journalists in the state-owned media?
- 37. Journalists forced to stop working through harassment or threats?
- 38. Opposition access to state-owned media?
- 39. Strictly-controlled access to journalistic profession (compulsory certificate or training, membership of journalists' institute etc.)?

- 40. Use of withdrawal of advertising (government stops buying space in some papers or pressures private firms to boycott media outlets)?
- 41. Undue restriction of foreign investment in the media?
- 42. Licence needed to start up a newspaper or magazine?
- 43. Cases of violating privacy of journalistic sources?
- 44. Serious threats to news diversity, including narrow ownership of media outlets?
- 45. A state monopoly of Internet service providers (ISPs)?
- 46. ISPs forced to filter access to websites?
- 47. Websites shut down over the period?
- 48. ISPs legally responsible for the content of websites they host?
- 49. Cyber-dissidents or bloggers imprisoned (how many?)
- 50. Cyber-dissidents or bloggers harassed or physically attacked (how many?)